AUGUST, MDCCLXXIII.

THE SOUTH-CAROLINA AND COUNTRY GAZETTE; JOURNAL.

[NUMB. 401.]

Containing the freſheſt Advices, both Foreign and Domeſtic.

TUESDAY, AUGUST 3, 1773.

BOSTON, JUNE 21.

Province of the *Maſſachuſetts-Bay.*

On Tueſday June 15, 1773, the Houſe of Repreſentatives by a large majority, came into the following RESOLVES, upon the Letters that had been laid before them on Wedneſday the ſecond of the ſame month, viz.

RESOLVED, That the letters ſigned Tho. Hutchinſon, and thoſe ſigned Andrew Oliver, now under the conſideration of this Houſe, appear to be the genuine letters of the preſent Governor of this province, whoſe hand-writing and ſignatures are well known to many of the members of this Houſe: And, that they contain aggravated accounts of facts, and miſrepreſentations; and that one manifeſt deſign of them was to repreſent the matters they treat of in a light highly injurious to this province, and the perſons againſt whom they were wrote.

RESOLVED, That though the letters aforeſaid ſigned Tho. Hutchinſon, are ſaid by the Governor in his meſſage to the Houſe June the 9th, to be "private letters wrote to a Gentleman in London, ſince deceaſed," and "that all, except the laſt, were wrote many months before he came to the Chair;" yet they were wrote by the preſent Governor, when he was Lieutenant-Governor and Chief Juſtice of this province; who has been repreſented abroad, as eminent for his abilities as for his exalted ſtation; and was under no official obligation to tranſmit intelligence of ſuch matters as are contained in ſaid letters: And that they, therefore, muſt be conſidered by the perſon to whom they were ſent, as documents of ſolid intelligence: And, that this Gentleman in London to whom they were wrote, was then a member of the Britiſh Parliament, and one who was very active in American affairs; and therefore, that theſe letters, however ſecretly wrote, muſt naturally be ſuppoſed to have, and really had a public operation.

RESOLVED, That theſe "private letters" being wrote "with expreſs confidence of ſecrecy," was only to prevent the contents of them being known *here*, as appears by ſaid letters; and this rendered them the more injurious in their tendency, and really *inſidious*.

RESOLVED, That the letters ſigned Tho. Hutchinſon, conſidering the perſon by whom they were wrote, the matters they expreſsly contain, the expreſs reference in ſome of them for "full intelligence" to Mr. Hallowell, a perſon deeply intereſted in the meaſures ſo much complained of, and recommendatory notices of divers other perſons, whoſe emoluments ariſing from our public burdens, might excite them to unfavourable repreſentations of us, the meaſures they ſuggeſt, the temper in which they were wrote, the manner in which they were ſent, and the perſon to whom they were addreſſed; had a natural and efficacious tendency to interrupt and alienate the affections of our moſt gracious Sovereign King George the Third, from this his loyal and affectionate province; to deſtroy that harmony and goodwill between Great-Britain and this colony, which every friend to either would wiſh to eſtabliſh; to excite the reſentment of the Britiſh Adminiſtration againſt this province; to defeat the endeavours of our Agents and friends to ſerve us by a fair repreſentation of our ſtate of grievances; to prevent our humble and repeated petitions from reaching the royal ear of our common Sovereign; and to produce the ſevere and deſtructive meaſures which have been taken againſt this province, and other ſtill more ſo which have been threatened.

RESOLVED, That the letters ſigned Andrew Oliver, conſidering the perſon by whom they were wrote, the matters they expreſsly contain, the meaſures they ſuggeſt, the temper in which they were wrote, the manner in which they were ſent, and the perſon to whom they were addreſſed; had a natural and efficacious tendency to interrupt and alienate the affections of our moſt gracious Sovereign, King George the Third, from this his loyal and affectionate province; to deſtroy that harmony and goodwill between Great-Britain and this colony, which every friend to either would wiſh to eſtabliſh; to excite the reſentment of the Britiſh Adminiſtration againſt this province; to defeat the endeavours of our Agents and friends to ſerve us by a fair repreſentation of our ſtate of grievances; to prevent our humble and repeated petitions from having the deſired effect; and to produce the ſevere and deſtructive meaſures which have been taken againſt this province, and others ſtill more ſo which have been threatened.

RESOLVED, As the opinion of this Houſe, That it clearly appears from the letters aforeſaid, ſigned Tho. Hutchinſon, and Andrew Oliver, that it was the deſire and endeavour of the writers of them, that certain acts of the Britiſh Parliament for raiſing a revenue in America, might be carried into effect by military force; and by introducing a fleet and army into this his Majeſty's loyal province, to intimidate the minds of his ſubjects here, and prevent every conſtitutional meaſure to obtain the repeal of thoſe acts ſo juſtly eſteemed a grievance to us, and to ſuppreſs the very ſpirit of freedom.

RESOLVED, That it is the opinion of this Houſe, that as the ſalaries lately appointed for the Governor, Lieutenant-Governor, and Judges of this province, directly repugnant to the Charter, and ſubverſive of Juſtice, are funded on this revenue; and as theſe letters were wrote with a deſign, and had a tendency to promote and ſupport that revenue, therefore, there is great reaſon to ſuppoſe the writers of thoſe letters were well knowing to, ſuggeſted and promoted the enacting ſaid revenue acts, and the eſtabliſhment funded on the ſame.

RESOLVED, That while the writer of theſe letters ſigned Tho. Hutchinſon, has been thus exerting himſelf by his "ſecret confidential correſpondence," to introduce meaſures deſtructive of our conſtitutional liberty; he has been practiſing every method among the people of this province, to fix in their minds an exalted opinion of his warmeſt affection for them, and his unremitted endeavours to promote their beſt intereſt at the Court of Great-Britain.

RESOLVED, As the opinion of this Houſe, That by comparing theſe letters ſigned Tho. Hutchinſon, with thoſe ſigned Andrew Oliver, Chs. Paxton, and Nat. Rogers, and conſidering what has ſince in fact taken place conformable thereto, that it is manifeſt there have been for many years paſt meaſures contemplated, and a plan formed by a ſet of men born and educated among us, to raiſe their own fortunes and advance themſelves to poſts of honour and profit, not only to the deſtruction of the charter and conſtitution of this province, but at the expence of the rights and liberties of the American Colonies.---And it is further the opinion of this Houſe, that the ſaid perſons have been ſome of the chief inſtruments in the introduction of a military force into the province to carry their plans into execution; and therefore they have been not only greatly inſtrumental of diſturbing the peace and harmony of the government, and cauſing and promoting great diſcord and animoſities, but are juſtly chargeable with the corruption of morals, and all that confuſion, miſery, and bloodſhed, which have been the natural effects of the introduction of troops.

Whereas for many years paſt, meaſures have been taken by the Britiſh Adminiſtration, very grievous to the good people of this province; which this Houſe have now reaſon to ſuppoſe, were promoted, if not originally ſuggeſted, by the writers of theſe letters; and many efforts have been made by the people to obtain the redreſs of their grievances.

RESOLVED, That it appears to this houſe, that the writers of theſe letters have availed themſelves of diſorders that naturally ariſe in a free government under ſuch oppreſſions, as arguments to prove that it was originally neceſſary ſuch meaſures ſhould have been taken, and that they ſhould now be continued and increaſed.

Whereas in the letter ſigned Chs. Paxton, dated Boſton harbour, June 20, 1768, it is expreſsly declared, that "unleſs we have immediately two or three regiments, it is the opinion of all the friends of government, that Boſton will be in open rebellion."

RESOLVED, That this is a moſt wicked and injurious repreſentation, deſigned to inflame the minds of his Majeſty's Miniſters and the nation, and to excite in the breaſt of our Sovereign a jealouſy of his loyal ſubjects of ſaid town, without the leaſt grounds therefor, as enemies of his Majeſty's perſon and government.

Whereas certain letters ſigned by two private perſons, viz. Thomas Moffat and George Rome, have been laid before the houſe, which letters contain many matters highly injurious to government and to the national peace.

RESOLVED, That it has been the misfortune of this government from the earlieſt period of it, from time to time, to be ſecretly traduced and maliciouſly repreſented to the Britiſh Miniſtry, by perſons who were neither friendly to this colony, nor to the Engliſh conſtitution.

RESOLVED, That this houſe have juſt reaſon to complain of it as a very great grievance, that the humble petitions and remonſtrances of the Commons of this province, are not allowed to reach the hand of our moſt gracious Sovereign, merely becauſe they are preſented by an Agent to whoſe appointment, the Governor, with whom our chief diſpute may ſubſiſt, doth not conſent; while the partial and inflammatory letters of individuals, who are greatly intereſted in the Revenue Acts and the meaſures taken to carry them into execution, have been laid before Adminiſtration, attended to, and determined upon, not only to the injury of the reputation of the people, but to the depriving them of their invaluable rights and liberties.

Whereas this Houſe are humbly of opinion, that his Majeſty will judge it to be incompatible with the intereſt of his Crown and the peace and ſafety of the good people of this his loyal province, that perſons ſhould be continued in places of high truſt and authority in it, who are known to have, with great induſtry, though ſecretly, endeavoured to undermine, alter and overthrow the conſtitution of the province.

Therefore, RESOLVED, that this houſe is bound in duty to their King and their conſtituents, humbly to remonſtrate to his Majeſty, againſt the conduct of his Excellency T. Hutchinſon, Eſquire, Governor, and the Honourable Andrew Oliver, Eſq; Lieutenant-Governor of this province; and to pray that his Majeſty would be pleaſed to remove them forever from the government thereof.

Immediately after the foregoing RESOLVES were paſſed, the houſe appointed a Committee of five, viz. Mr. Speaker, Mr. Adams, Col. Hancock, Major Hawley, and Col. Leonard, to prepare a humble petition to his Majeſty, remonſtrating againſt the conduct of his Excellency Thomas Hutchinſon, Eſq; Governor, and the Honourable Andrew Oliver, Eſq; Lieutenant-Governor of this province; and to pray that his Majeſty would be pleaſed to remove them *forever* from the government thereof.

JUNE 24.

On Monday laſt his Excellency ſent the following Meſſage to the Hon. Houſe of Repreſentatives, viz.

"*Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,*

"I PERCEIVE, with concern for the honour and reputation of the province,* that you have paſſed and cauſed to be publiſhed, a number of votes or reſolves, in which you have in an unparellelled and moſt injurious manner determined the intentions and deſigns of the Governor and Lieutenant Governor, in certain private letters, wrote ſeveral years ſince, the originals of which, as alledged, have by ſome means or other come into your poſſeſſion.

"Whilſt I was the ſubject of the debates occaſioned by theſe letters, I did not think it adviſeable to give you any interruption. Now that you have come to your determination, I muſt remind you, that you are near to the cloſe of the fourth week of the ſeſſion, and that you have done little or none of the uſual buſineſs of the court.

"To prevent all unneceſſary burthen upon your conſtituents, by too long a ſeſſion, I muſt deſire you to give diſpatch to ſuch matters as lie before you, or are proper to be acted upon by you.

"T. HUTCHINSON.

"*Province-Houſe, June* 21, 1773."

The Houſe appointed a Committee to take the above into conſideration.

Tueſday laſt the Governor ſent the following Meſſage to the Hon. Houſe of Repreſentatives, viz.

"*Gentlemen of the Houſe of Repreſentatives,*

"I DESIRE that as ſoon as may be, you will cauſe to be laid before me an atteſted copy of the votes or reſolves, which have paſſed your Houſe, and have been made public, and to which I referred in my Meſſage of yeſterday.

"T. HUTCHINSON.

"*Province-Houſe, June* 22, 1773."

Province-Houſe, June 22. Yeſterday the Houſe of Repreſentatives paſſed an humble petition and remonſtrance to his Majeſty, agreeable to their reſolves as above mentioned.

[* *Is it the opinion of the public, that the Governor was, and had much more reaſon, to be concerned for his own honour than that of the province.*]

JUNE 28.

On Tueſday laſt the Honourable Bard ſent the following Meſſage to his Excellency the Governor, in Anſwer to his Requeſt of the 19th Inſtant:---[*See this Gazette of the* 20th *of July*]

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THE Board had returned your Excellency's letters to the Houſe of Repreſentatives, but have this day again obtained them with this reſtriction, that they by no means ſuffer them to go out of our hands.

Your meſſage informs us, that if we ſhall lay before you the original letters with your ſignature you will "ſatisfy the Board whether they are genuine or not." Though the Board are not at liberty to lay them before you in the uſual way, yet they have directed their Committee to open the letters in your preſence, that your Excellency may ſatisfy yourſelf with reſpect to the hand-writing, and to give you any further ſatisfaction, not inconſiſtent with the reſtriction aforementioned.

Your Excellency ſays, "we cannot form a right judgment of all the parts of theſe letters, unleſs we ſhould be furniſhed with the letters to which yours are wrote in anſwer." As we are deſirous of forming a right judgment in this matter, we ſhall with candour read and conſider any letters your Excellency ſhall pleaſe to lay before us for that purpoſe. *June* 22*d*, 1773.

His Excellency's Meſſage to the Board.

Gentlemen of the Council,

CERTAIN letters have been laid before me which appear to be of my ſigning. The diſreſpect ſhewn me by the unuſual and indecent reſtrictions to your Committee, as expreſſed in your meſſage, is unprecedented. It can be no excuſe that you had ſuffered yourſelves to be laid under reſtraint. The propoſal, for it ought to have been rejected by you, as carrying with it ſtrong ſuſpicion of that unfairneſs with which the whole proceeding relative to theſe and other letters had been carried on from the beginning.

I recommend to you to give diſpatch to the buſineſs of the General Court now lying before you. *June* 23*d*.

Anſwer of the Houſe of Repreſentatives to the Governor's Meſſage of the 21ſt inſtant.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THE Houſe having maturely conſidered your meſſage of the 21ſt inſtant, and fully apprehend that had we not paſſed and cauſed to be paſſed the votes and reſolves upon the letters referred to in your meſſage, we ſhould have betrayed a total want of a proper attention, not only to the honour and reputation of the province, but the true intereſt of our conſtituents, however unparallelled and injurious your Excellency is pleaſed to repreſent them, and can aſſure your Excellency, that this Houſe became poſſeſſed of thoſe letters in a manner truly honourable. Had your Excellency duly conſidered that thoſe letters contained matters of a very extraordinary nature, and that we have already paſſed upon divers matters of a public as well as a private nature, you would have judged it needleſs to have reminded us that we are near the cloſe of the fourth week of the Seſſion; we are however anſwerable to none but our conſtituents for the time we ſpend in doing the part of public buſineſs which they have choſen us to tranſact, and are clearly of opinion that we are at preſent the ſole judges of the time that is neceſſary for us to take in deliberating and determining upon all matters that may properly come under our conſideration.

Meſſage from the Council to the Governor.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THE Board have conſidered your Excellency's meſſage received this day. They are humbly of opinion, that the reſtrictions to their Committee implied no diſreſpect to your Excellency, nor were they intended as ſuch; and if they were unuſual and unprecedented, it was becauſe the occaſion upon which that Committee was appointed, was original and unprecedented likewiſe. The Board think it not only a ſufficient excuſe, but a full juſtification of them, in laying ſuch reſtrictions on their Committee, that they could upon no other terms obtain the letters, to be laid before your Excellency, agreeable to your propoſal in your meſſage of the 17th inſtant; and are at a loſs to conceive how ſuch reſtriction could carry with it the leaſt ſuſpicion of unfairneſs on the part of the Board, which was very far from their intention.

The end which the Board had in view in laying theſe letters before your Excellency, was not ſo much to obtain ſatisfaction for themſelves as to their genuineneſs, as to give your Excellency an opportunity to lay any thing you might think proper to lay before the Board, when thoſe letters ſhall come under their conſideration.

The Board will give all attention to your Excellency's recommendation to them to give diſpatch to the buſineſs of the General Court lying before them. *June* 24*th*.

The Committee of Council on the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor's letters, unanimouſly reſolved that the ſaid letters were genuine, and as ſuch were to be conſidered; and on the 25th inſtant preſented their report on the ſaid letters, which is very long and particular. The council the ſame day read and accepted the ſaid report, and paſſed ſundry reſolves thereupon, the laſt whereof are,

RESOLVED, That the exaggerations and miſrepreſentations, contained in the aforeſaid letters, ſigned Thomas Hutchinſon and Andrew Oliver, collectively conſidered, have had an unhappy tendency, and have probably operated to bring upon this province the diſpleaſure of our moſt gracious Sovereign; to procure the armaments which have been ſent hither, and are expreſſive of ſuch diſpleaſure; to prevent a redreſs of our grievances; and to alienate the mutual affection and diſſolve the union which ought always to ſubſiſt between Great-Britain and her colonies.

Wherefore, as duty and loyalty to the King, affection to the mother country, and regard for this province, muſt influence the friends of them to deſire the removal of cauſes productive of ſuch effects: And whereas the mutual affection which ought ever to ſubſiſt between a people and their principal magiſtrates, is in this province totally deſtroyed by the conduct of the Governor and Lieutenant-Governor; as they have entirely loſt the confidence of this people, and are conſequently become unſuitable inſtruments for promoting the inſeparable intereſts of the King and his faithful ſubjects here.

RESOLVED, That if his Majeſty, in his great goodneſs, ſhall be pleaſed to remove his Excellency Thomas Hutchinſon, Eſq; and the Hon. Andrew Oliver, Eſq; from the Offices of Gover-

ror and Lieutenant Governor, it is the humble opinion of this Board, that it will be promotive of his Majesty's service and the good of his loyal and affectionate people of this province."

There was but one of the resolves above-mentioned that had, so many as three dissentients.

LONDON, MAY 29.

THURSDAY an express arrived at the French Ambassador's, and immediately his Excellency set out for St. James's, within he had a conference with his Majesty, which lasted above half an hour; afterwards there was a Council. The result of all this has not transpired; for already it is said, that the dispatches confirmed the pacific intentions of his Most Christian Majesty.

Last week the Sixty at the Thatch'd-house discharged 26 debtors, chiefly manufacturers, seamen, and labourers, who had 16 wives, with 58 children, from the several prisons of this metropolis.

JUNE 1. On Sunday the Duchess of Gloucester was safely delivered of a Princess at Gloucester-house. The event was immediately notified to the Lord Archbishop of Canterbury, and the Bishop of London, who declar'd the marriages of the Dukes of Gloucester and Cumberland to be Null.

The last letters from Hanover brought advice that Prince Charles of Mecklenburgh Strelitz died the 20th of May, about 14 months old. As he was the only son, his loss is extremely regretted by his illustrious parents.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, May 15.

"Some letters have just arrived here from the Dutch Governor, on the coast of Guiney, which give very disagreeable accounts of the falling off of trade, the rebellion of the negroes, &c. But no Europeans suffer so much by these affairs as the Portuguese, the natives in general refuse to trade with them, and if any goods are sold to them, they are sold at a very dear rate; so that considerable sums must be lost by their sale in Europe. All these misfortunes are said to have arose from the severe behaviour of the Portuguese to the natives and slaves."

The mock sea fight so long talked of, will, it is said, be exhibited before their Majesties.

It is said, that though there was not the least doubt of the legality of the marriage of the Duke of Gloucester, yet as the Reverend Mr. Maseres, who performed the ceremony, is dead, it was thought advisable that it should be performed again before the delivery of the Duchess, which was accordingly done the preceding day.

JUNE 2. 'Tis worthy of observation, no Scotchman has made any enquiry at a great house in G------r S---t; it seems the Junto continue their resentment against the L----l personages who were so foolish to marry to please themselves instead of Lord B--- and Secretary G------m; and by not following the example of their elder brother, and consulting the enemies of their country, they have incurred the displeasure of the court in general, and of Mrs. S------g in particular, who has declared neither he or her royal mistress shall stand godmother to a child got without their being concerned.

On Thursday morning last, about four o'clock, a most remarkable accident happened at a place called the Breches, between Colebrooke Dale and Builders Bridge, in Gloucestershire, where as much as ten acres of a high bank that lay by the Severn, slipt quite across the river, and entirely stopt up the channel, and turned the course of the river over a meadow that lay on the other side. Where the river ran is now a high bank, with twenty lofty oaks standing upon it; and where the ground divided a chasm is left seven or eight yards wide, and five or six yards deep. As soon as the bank had stopt the river, the vessels below were all left dry at the bottom of the channel; but the stream will soon cut itself a new course, for on Friday it had made a channel near a hundred yards in the meadow. About four hundred yards from the river bank stood a house, where a family dwelt. The man got up about three o'clock, and heard a rumbling noise, and felt the ground shake under him, on which he called up his family. They perceived the ground begin to move, but knew not which way to run; however the people took to their heels, and just as they got to an adjacent wood, the ground they had left separated from that on which they stood. The house is still standing, but a barn that was near it is thrown down.

JUNE 3. Yesterday the American Paper Currency Bill passed the House of Commons.

The same day a Great Assembly read a first time the bill to enable his Majesty to raise 1,400,000l. by loan on Exchequer bills, for the purpose of relieving the East-India Company.

Extract of a letter from Portsmouth, June 1.

"His Majesty and the Royal Family are expected here on the 18th instant, and are to be here four days. The Commissioner is to leave his house, which his Majesty will occupy during his stay here; the rest of the officers are desired to provide as many beds as possible for the Nobility and Officers belonging to the Court, &c.

They write from Warsaw, that a design against the King's person has been detected amongst the Prussians, and the ringleaders secured.

They write from Venice, that daily accounts are receiving of the successes of the Russian fleet in the Archipelago.

Letters from Madrid say, that the Spanish Ministry seem resolved to carry on the war against the Moors with the utmost vigour.

JUNE 4. We are assured that the following is a true state of a late matrimonial enquiry: Some time previous to the delivery of the Duchess of Gloucester, the Duke, her husband, requested of a noble Lord of his acquaintance, that he would notify the same to his Majesty, that he might send proper witnesses of the birth. The King, on hearing it, was immediately advised, by a certain law Lord, to make enquiry into the validity of the marriage, which he did. It appeared upon this enquiry, that the Clergyman who married them was dead, and had left no record under his hand of the ceremony. However, every confirmation was given by the testimony of the parties themselves. With this intelligence, the persons who made the enquiry waited on his Majesty, who put the following question: "Are they married legally, or not?" He was answered in the negative.

When the Lord Chancellor, the Archbishop of Canterbury, and the Bishop of London, waited upon the Duke and Duchess of Gloucester, concerning their marriage, the Duke and Duchess were examined upon oath.

It is now reported at the west end of the town, that either the Bedford party or the Minister must give way. This, if true, will, in a great degree, account for some of the proceedings of this week.

Last Tuesday evening a bailiff's follower, having broke into a poet's garret in Wych-street, he instantly took a mouthful of ink, and spurted it in his eyes; and while the catchpole was endeavouring to recover his sight, ran down stairs, and got clear off.

JUNE 5. A very serious contest has arisen lately between the Dutch and the Court of Lisbon, concerning some illicit practices of the latter in the East-Indies, for which the States have insisted on an immediate reparation. The Portuguese have referred it to the arbitration of the Court of Madrid, and here it at present rests.

Letters from Hamburgh advise, that the King of Prussia has ordered all the Jews to leave his new possessions, without allowing time to settle their affairs, except those who have a capital of a thousand crowns, which latter are allowed only to settle in the districts on the rivers Netze and Drewentz; they are to deal only in the productions of the country, and are to pay an annual tribute. It is farther said that the King of Prussia will propose to the Diet some regulations with respect to the Jews in Poland.

The troubles at Bourdeaux, in the province of Guienne in France, on account of the high price of bread, still continues. Above 10,000 peasants assembled at the banks of the river, and stopped every vessel that had Corn on board. The Magistrates are doing all they can for the ease of the poor, and have requested that no troops may be sent, as the risings of the people do not originate from wantonness, but from a real or artificial scarcity.

The orders issued from Madrid for recruiting the Army from every district was quietly obeyed except in the capital of Barcelona, at which place there were great disturbances in the evening of the 4th of May. Above 2000 workmen assembled, armed with whatever fell in their way, with which they proceeded to the Cathedral and interrupted, with their alarm-bell, the service. The Bishop and his Canons in vain exhorted them to return peaceably home. After this they took their rout to the palace of the Commander in Chief, at which place was held a council, when it was agreed to inform the populace that the inrollment should be suspended till they had received an answer from Madrid how to act. The populace then dispersed without committing any outrages.

Their Royal Highnesses the Dukes of Gloucester and Cumberland, were not yesterday at Court, as expected.

Several of the principal persons belonging to the Admiralty department, will set out for Portsmouth this day, to give directions for the necessary preparations to be made for the grand naval review.

Extract of a letter from Petersburgh, May 25.

"Orders have been just issued by the department of war, to raise 20,000 men immediately in the northern provinces of Russia, and a body of 8000 horse in the provinces of Ingria, Livonia, and Novogrod. Those troops are to be formed into regiments as soon as they are raised, and are intended to reinforce the army under Marshal Count Romanzow; and likewise that in Red Russia, and the other countries now possessed by the Russians in Poland. Great numbers of cannon, small arms, powder, shot, and all kinds of military stores, are constantly arriving here from England, Holland, France, Sweden, Hamburgh, &c. And the greatest assiduity is used in fitting out the ships of war at Revel, Riga, and on the coasts of the Black Sea; to man which the greatest bounties and encouragements are offered."

The Formidable man of war, a new ship of 90 guns, lately launched at Chatham, and now rigging at that port, is ordered to be compleated and got round to Portsmouth as soon as possible.

Wednesday orders were sent from the Admiralty to Chatham, for the smallest sloops of war that are fitted out there in ordinary, to be rigged and fitted out for immediate service; the like orders were also sent to Sheerness.

By a gentleman who left Lyons in France on Wednesday the 26th of last month, and arrived in town on Tuesday last, we were informed that the crops of corn in that neighbourhood are the finest imaginable; and that there is the expectation of the most plentiful vintage ever known.

A correspondent remarks, that permitting the Foreign Ministers to be present at the review of the Fleet, is the most effectual way of informing our enemies of the state of the British Navy.

Extract of a letter from Malaga, April 23.

"On Easter Monday the 12th current, at a quarter past five in the morning, we had a smart shock of an earthquake here. It was felt at Madrid and many other places of the kingdom much about the same time, without any material damage; but by accounts since received, it appears to have been much more severely felt at Gibraltar, where a great part of the rock of that fortress fell into the sea, and some of the Spanish towns in that neighbourhood were greatly affected by it, but happily no lives were lost. On the African coast, opposite Gibraltar, great damages have been sustained, and the city of Tangier in particular, is said to be almost totally ruined."

The Right Hon. the Lord Mayor and the Lady Mayoress went yesterday to St. James's, to pay their compliments to his Majesty; they were both very elegantly dressed in the manufactures of this kingdom.

A house is said to be fitting up in Pall-Mall, for the reception of the Princess Albertina of Mecklenburgh, her Majesty's sister.

A Royal Duke, who lately sold his stud at Newmarket for 3200l. to a gentleman well known on the turf, has, within these few days, repurchased it at about 300l. loss, in consequence of the last mentioned person having unhappily lost his senses.---He was carried to Bethlehem Hospital on Saturday last; and what adds to the distress of his family is, that he has now an amiable wife, within a few weeks of being brought to bed.

NEW-YORK, JUNE 28.

By accounts from Teneriffe, dated May 2d, we are informed, that eleven sail of French vessels, upon a new construction, were sailed from Brest; one of the squadron was then in Teneriffe harbour. They were all to rendezvous at the island of Palma, are loaded with naval stores, mortars, shells and every other tremendous engine of destruction, bound for Pondicherry; this *augurs ill* of the Asiatick tranquility. Each of those vessels mounts eighteen nine pounders; they are built exceeding sharp, and have two trisails, one on the foremast, the other on the mainmast.

JULY 8. His Majesty has been most graciously pleased to allow half the officers of the several regiments ordered abroad, for the relief of others doing duty in garrisons, to remain at home, and afterwards, at a time agreed on by the officers, they are to join their respective corps, and then those who came out with the battalion, are in their turn, to have leave of absence from the regiment. This arrangement evinces his Majesty's regard for the accommodation of his officers, renders the service much more delectable, and will prevent many a gallant gentleman's retiring from it.

Friday last departed this life Charles Williams, Esq; he was many years naval officer of this port, in which station he acquitted himself with candour and fidelity. He was a most affectionate husband and parent, and his death is sincerely regretted by all the inhabitants.

His Excellency the Governor has been pleased to appoint Stephen De Lancey, Esq; son of the honourable Colonel Oliver De Lancey, to be Naval Officer in the room of Charles Williams, Esq; deceased.

On Tuesday the 29th of June, the Boston assembly was prorogued to the 15th of September.

JULY 12. We have the pleasure to acquaint the public, that Sir William Johnson is now recovered to a good state of health.

JULY 15. When the last advices from England came away, the establishment of the new province on the Ohio, was on the eve of taking place, it is to be called VANDALIA, and the only thing then remaining to be done, was the proprietors giving security to government for the payment of the civil establishment, estimated at about three thousand pounds sterling a year.

Last week the ship Needham, Captain Cheevers of this port, arrived at New-Castle on Delaware from Newry in Ireland, with 500 passengers, one half of which were landed there, and he is now arrived at this port with the remainder; the chief of these passengers embarked in order to purchase lands and settle in America. They have been encouraged to this enterprize by some of our Land-owners, and should they be accommodated to their expectation, the spirit of migration will operate more effectually than it has hitherto done in this province; the inhabitants of which must be sensible that the flourishing state of Pennsylvania is attributed to the great number of persons from Ireland and Germany, who have of late years settled there. It is therefore hoped the owners of estates will tenderly encourage this disposition in an useful body of people, who bring with them arts and industry, and other requisites, highly essential to the population and improvement of this happy country.

PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 30.

A DECREE of the Superior Council of Port-au-Prince, in regard to the English Gold, rendered April 30, 1773.

Copy of the MINUTES or RECORDS of the SUPREME COUNCIL of PORT-AU-PRINCE, (in Hispaniola.)

HAVING considered the petition presented to the Court by the Merchants of Port-au-Prince, and the Masters of the trading vessels now at anchor in this port, requiring that this Court would be pleased to make some provisional regulation in regard to the admission or rejection of false Coins which have been circulated in the trade of this Colony. The nomination in margin of Counsellor Bourdon, to report on the [illegible] order, that communication of the same [illegible] Majesty's Attorney General, dated the 26th [illegible] month of April; The conclusion of the said Attorney [illegible] of the same day: The sentence rendered the same day by the Court by which they nominate and appoint M. M. [illegible] De Letombe, to be Commissaries in this cause---After they heard their report, and fully deliberated thereon.

The Court have admitted the complaint made by his Majesty's Attorney General against the false-coiners, importers and distributers of false money, vulgarly known by the name of English DOUBLOONS, and PISTOLES, and in consequence thereof, in order, that the substitutes of the said Attorney General shall prosecute them before the different judges of their several jurisdictions; and in case of their absence, before the officers of their said tribunals, there to be prosecuted to a final determination, except appeal to this Court; agreeable to the King's ordinances and regulations on these matters. We do also forbid to all persons of whatever quality or condition they may be, to fabricate, alter, receive from the hands of strangers or natives, or to spread or distribute amongst the public in any manner whatsoever, any of the said Coins, on penalty of being prosecuted in an extraordinary manner, and punished even with death, agreeable to the statutes, and particularly to the King's declaration of the 5th of October, 1715, in regard to foreign Coins, and his edict of the month of February, 1726, against false Coiners. We furthermore order, that this present DECREE shall be printed, read, published, and posted up, wherever it may be required; and that exact copies of the same properly certified, shall be sent to every department of this jurisdiction, there to be also read, published, and posted up, which the Court requires the substitutes of the Attorney General to see performed, and certify to them in one month.

GIVEN at Port-au-Prince, *in the Council-Chamber, the 30th of April*, 1773.

(Signed) MONTARCHER,
BOURDON, And DE LETOMBE.
Examined on the original, PRIEUR, D. Register.

To the PRINTER,

SIR,

AFTER many indigested Reports, I find it is now sufficiently authenticated, that the SMALL-POX has not only made its Appearance on board the Sloop Hope, Captain Tunnard; but also, that a Negro Man, with that Distemper, near its Crisis, upon him, was last Friday Afternoon, moved in an open Cart, from a House in Tradd-street, through the most centrical and populous Parts of this Town, while the Inhabitants were employed at their usual Occupations, to one of the Wharves, and amidst enquiring Crouds, sent to Sullivant's-Island; without the Attendance of any Person, in a public Station or Character, to see the Observance of that Caution, which human Prudence might suggest, to prevent the Spreading of the subtle Infection.

From this, and other Instances of Inattention, in those, whose Duty it is to enforce a due Execution of the Laws, and preserve the internal *Police* of the Community inviolate, the Introduction of that dreadful Disease among us, may rationally be expected, at a Season of the Year, universally allowed to be the most unpropitious for its Reception: Which must necessarily excite very alarming Apprehensions in the Minds of those, who are not callous and insensible to the complicated Distresses of the Inhabitants of this Town, in the Years 1760 and 1763; the Retrospection whereof, can't fail to inspire us with Reflections equally melancholy, and humiliating.

It is the indispensable Duty of every Man, to endeavour to the utmost of his Power, to promote the Good of Society, as well as the Health and Happiness of Individuals; on which Principle, when there is so little Care taken to avert the impending Evil, I beg you will, through the Channel of your Gazette, communicate to the Public, the famous Mr. Daniel Sutton's *General Directions*, for taking his Medicines, with the *Regimen* he prescribes, in the Small-Pox; through which, it is evident, from the most ample Testimonials, he had, some Years ago, successfully conducted upwards of 40,000 Persons: And although the Medicines alluded to, are not publicly known, it is hoped a due Attention to the *Regimen*, may be productive of beneficial Effects, in Case of the Appearance of that Disease in this Town; from which, in my Apprehension, nothing but the Interposition of a protecting Providence, can rescue us.

I have only to add, in a Matter of such real Importance to all Ranks of People, that you may rely the Directions, &c. are genuine, as they were delivered to me by Mr. Sutton himself, on his inoculating one of my Children. And am, Sir, &c.

August 2, 1773. BENEVOLUS.

GENERAL DIRECTIONS
FOR
Taking Dr. SUTTON'S MEDICINES for the SMALL-POX,
With the REGIMEN, &c.

TAKE one of the Papers of Powders, at Bed Time, in the Pulp of a roasted Apple, or a little simple Syrup; next Morning early, one of the Papers of Salts, dissolved in a little boiling Water; drinking plentifully of Water-gruel, Cheese-whey, or small Tea, as the Physic works; and if it does not operate Half a Dozen Times in about six or eight Hours, it will be necessary then to take Half the other Paper of Salts (more or less, as Occasion requires) or if they be vomited up presently after being taken, as soon as the Sickness is entirely off, take the other Paper of Salts. The other Powder and Salts are to be taken as above, omitting two Days only between each. If there is a Deficiency of Salts, they may be had at any Apothecary's. It will be requisite for the Patient to have a Stool on each of the intermediate Days during the Preparation; for which Purpose, stewed Prunes, roasted Apples, or Tamarinds, may be eaten occasionally. N. B. The Operation is performed generally the Day after the last Dose of Physic.

THE DIET FOR BREAKFAST.

Tea, or Coffee, with dry Toast, Rusk, Sea-biscuit, or ordinary Plumb-cake; Rice-milk, Milk-gruel, Skimmed Milk, Honey and Bread, &c.

FOR DINNER.

Bread-pudding, Apple-pudding, Rice-pudding, Plumb or Plain Pudding, with Vinegar Sauce; Apple-pye, Rice-milk, Frumenty, and the Production of the Kitchen Garden, with the Use of Salt and Vinegar.

FOR SUPPER.

Any of the above Spoon Meats, roasted Apples, or Potatoes, &c. But it will be most proper to go to Bed Supperless, if it can be complied with. It is also highly necessary to eat sparingly, even at other Meals, and to abstain from all Fish, Flesh, Butter, Cheese, and spiced Food. Most Kinds of Fruits may be eaten at Pleasure, except on the Physical Days.

THE COMMON DRINK.

Toast and Water, thin Milk and Water, Barley-water, Imperial-water, Lemon, or Orangeade; strictly refraining from all Spirituous, Vinous, and Malt Liquors.

The same Exercise and Air are to be used that the Patient has been always accustomed to; nor should there be any Addition of Wearing Apparel, or of Bed Cloaths; nor are the Rooms to be kept warmer than usual; and the Bed-rooms are to have no Fires in them, except where the Patient is of a delicate, tender Constitution; or long habituated to that Use: It is also necessary to be extremely regular in rising and going to Bed. Thus, by pursuing these Directions strictly, with the occasional Use of other Medicines, as the Arm indicates, every alarming Symptom is kept off, the Face most effectually prevented from being disfigured, and the Patient enabled to pass through both Preparation and Small-Pox, with very little Loss of Time, or Hindrance of Business; which latter Circumstance particularly demands the Attention of the lower Class of People.

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…everal others.
… Brig Lovely-
…and Family.

MARRIED.] Last Saturday, the Rev. Mr. Jenkins, to Mrs. Susanna Reid, Widow of Dr. James Reid.

PRICE of RICE, 70s. per 100 lb.

July	CUSTOM-HOUSE, ENTRIES INWARD.	From
27th.	Sloop Thomas & Anthony, William Newgent,	Virginia
28th.	Brig John, Joseph Mountany,	Africa
29th.	Snow Catharine, James Fraser,	Ditto
30th.	Sloop New-York Packet, Jesse Hunt,	New-York
Aug.	2d. Sloop Governor-Bruere, William Bell,	Virginia
	Schooner Ogeachie, Ichabod Higgins,	Georgia
July	ENTRIES OUTWARDS.	For
27th.	Snow Betsey, William Morgan,	Bristol
	Schooner Anne, William Wilson,	Savannah
28th.	Schooner Dispatch, Benjamin Minors,	New-Providence
	Sloop Savannah, John Easton,	North-Carolina
	Brig Betsey, Peter Schermerhorn,	New-York
31st.	Ship Pallas, John Turner,	Jamaica
	Snow Molly, John Read,	Lancaster
Aug.	2d. Ship Corsican-Hero, Clement Noble,	Liverpool
July	CLEARED FOR DEPARTURE.	For
27th.	Schooner Liberty, Richard Churchill,	Georgia
	Schooner Anne, William Wilson,	Ditto
28th.	Sloop Nancy, John Earl,	Rhode-Island
29th.	Schooner Antigua-Packet, John Henry,	St. Eustatia
	Sloop Charles-Town, William Whetten,	New-York
30th.	Sloop Savannah, John Easton,	North-Carolina
	Schooner John, John Petty,	New-Providence
	Ship St. Helena, George Arthar,	Bristol
	Ship Carolina, John Besnard,	Falmouth
	Schooner Jehoidan, Benjamin Newton,	New-Providence
	Ship Betty & Jenny, Alexander Thompson,	London
Aug.	2d. Schooner Dispatch, Benjamin Minors,	New-Providence

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Charles Town, July 29, 1773.

GEORGE THOMSON, of Charles-Town, Merchant, having this Day surrendered and assigned, all and singular his Estates, Rights, and Credits, unto the Subscriber; IN TRUST for the Benefit of such of his Creditors, in Average and Proportion to the Amount of their several and respective Demands, who shall within Twelve Calendar Months from the Date hereof, execute and deliver unto the said George Thomson, a final Release and Discharge of their said Demands: THIS PUBLIC DECLARATION is therefore hereby made of the said TRUST, of which the Creditors are required to take Notice. ROBERT WILLIAMS, jun. Assignee.

Who desires all Persons indebted unto the said George Thomson, by Bond, Note, or Accompt, to discharge the same, as soon as possible.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

CHARLES TOWN, July 24, 1773.

Pursuant to a Decree of the Honourable the Court of Chancery, in this Province, will be SOLD, to the highest Bidder, for ready Money, before the Master of the said Court, at his House in Tradd-street, on Thursday the 26th of August, at Twelve o'Clock at Noon,

ALL that valuable Plantation or Tract of Land, situate, lying and being in *Granville* County; containing 1292 Acres, butting and bounding North-eastwardly on Land of Col. *Heyward*; South-eastwardly on *Harrison*'s Land; and on all other Sides on Lands unknown.—Also, all that other Plantation or Tract of Land, situate in *Granville* County aforesaid, on the Head of *Hazzard*'s Back Creek; containing 1525 Acres, butting and bounding to the Northward on said Creek; North-westward on Land late of *Paul Jenys*, Esq; deceased; South-westward and South-eastward on Land of Colonel *Daniel Heyward*.—The above Tracts of Land are Part of the real Estate of the late *Andrew Broughton*, Esq; deceased, and are esteemed equal in Value to any of the Lands in that Part of the Country.—Plats of the above Tracts may be seen in the Hands of

WILLIAM BURROWS, *Master in Chancery.*

SELLING OFF, for CASH,

At JOHN DAVIES's STORE, in BEDON'S-ALLEY,

A Very large Variety of low priced purple and white Calicoes and Cottons, and a very great Choice of printed Linens and Cottons, with some exceeding good gulix Hollands, low priced Irish Linens, good Russia Sheeting, and a great many other Articles of Linen Drapery, which have been imported in the Course of a few Months, and were purchased on such good Terms, as will make the Sale of them cheaper than any other Goods which have been sold here for a long Time; those who take not less than a whole Piece of any Article, will have very great Advantage in the Purchase.

To be SOLD by private Sale,

A Two Story HOUSE and LOT, at the upper End of Tradd-street, containing in Front 33 Feet, and 200 Feet deep, at present occupied by Mrs. Eliz. Blamyer.

A Two Story Brick-House, in King-street, opposite the old Goal, the Lot in Front 20 Feet, and in Depth 200, fronting on Orange-street.

Also, a Two Story Brick-House, in Tradd-street, the Lot containing in Front 44 Feet, and 100 Feet deep, now occupied by Mr. Daniel Harper: The Property of Mr. Daniel Badger to New-England. For further Particulars, enquire of Mr. Daniel Legaré, jun. or of the Subscriber.

JONATHAN BADGER.

Purrysburgh, July 17, 1773.

…SIEUR, *tells a freyed steer red … on the left side thus* 3R. *marked in … upper and under kiel, and in the left … under keel. The owner must prove …*

DAVID GIROUD, J. P.

NEGROES.

On Friday the 20th Day of August, at Eleven o'Clock precisely, will be SOLD by public Outcry, at the House of Alexander Gillon, (late Beresford's) on the Bay, on 12 Months Credit, paying Interest, with approved Security;

THE House Negroes, belonging to the Estate of Richard Beresford, Esq; deceased, amongst whom are two good Seamstresses, a Man Cook, and a handy Waiting-Man.

ROBERT SMITH,
ALEXANDER GILLON, } Executors.

ALSO,

THIRTEEN NEGROES,

The Property of the Rev. Charles Martyn; amongst whom are several handy Boys and Girls, an exceeding good Driver and jobbing Carpenter, and a good Cook.

LIKEWISE,

A young NEGRO WOMAN,

Well known at Ponpon, the Property of Mrs. M. Evans.

An exceeding good SEAMSTRESS,

Who also understands making of Pastry, &c.—to be hired out by the Year.

CHARLES-TOWN, July 29, 1773.

On Wednesday the 4th of AUGUST,

WILL BE SOLD,

ONE HUNDRED

CHOICE GAMBIA

SLAVES,

By SAMUEL CHOLLET.

TO BE SOLD,

A Likely and healthy young Negro Wench, with her Child, a Boy, about three Years old; she is an exceeding good plain Cook, and can Wash and Iron, equal to any in this Country.

A WET NURSE is wanted, for which good Wages will be given, one without a Child, would be preferred. Apply to the Printer hereof.

CHARLES-TOWN, August 1, 1773.

TO BE SOLD,

On Wednesday the 11th of August, Instant,

A CARGO OF

TWO HUNDRED

Young and Healthy

SLAVES,

Arrived this Day in the Bark *Jason*, Captain *Merrick*, directly from ANGOLA.

MILES BREWTON.

FIFTY POUNDS REWARD.

RUN-AWAY from the subscriber, on Wednesday the 28th of July last, an indented SERVANT, named RICHARD AALDEN, about twenty-three years of age, five feet five or six inches high, thick set, of a fresh complexion, with fair hair, tied, full grey eyes, and is a little bow-legged: He is a likely young man, a *Hollander* born, but speaks pretty good English; had on when he went away a nankeen coatee, jacket and breeches, white stockings, and a pair of silver buckles. Whoever will deliver him to the warden of the work-house, or to me in Charles-Town, at the *Three Legs of a Man* in King-street, shall receive the above reward, and all reasonable charges, from

JOHN HATFIELD.

N. B. All masters of vessels, and others, are cautioned from harbouring or carrying him off the province, as they will be prosecuted according to law.

RUN-AWAY from the subscriber, the 28th of last month, a new negro fellow named TOM, about 19 years of age and about 5 feet 5 inches high; he had on a check shirt, and a pair of woollen breeches, bound round with red ferreting, which is most worn out, and the knees much torn; he is of a yellow complexion, and has a swelled face.—Whoever will deliver the said fellow to the subscriber, or to the warden of the work-house in Charles-Town, shall receive FIVE POUNDS reward, from

CHARLES DAWSON.

N. B. All masters of vessels, and others, are forwarned from harbouring or carrying him off the province, as they will be prosecuted according to law.

For SALE by private Contract, pursuant to the Will of Dr. THOMAS CAW, *deceased;*

HIS valuable plantation on *Santee* river, adjoining lands of Colonel *Horry*, Mr. *Pringle*, and Mr. *Dutarque*, containing 1070 acres, part of which is an island of 730 acres of fine rice land, that does not require any fencing, and of it about 150 acres are cleared, the rest of the tract is good high land, and the whole so well known as not to need any further description. On the premises are a good dwelling-house, a very large barn, [illegible] for rice, very large and good stables, an exceeding [illegible] rice machine, and a grist mill, with every other necessary building. Schooners that carry 150 barrels of rice load close to the barn.

Also, another TRACT of LAND on *Stephen*'s creek, a branch of *Savannah* river, adjoining lands of *John Murray*, Esq; containing 1000 acres, and is esteemed as good as any land in those parts. For the terms of sale, apply to ROBERT PHILP, JOHN DEAS, } Executors.

Thos. If.

WANTED,

AN OVERSEER for a Rice Swamp Plantation on Santee. He must be a Person thoroughly acquainted with the whole of Plantation Business, and that will attend the whole throughout with Assiduity, Fidelity, and Care. It will be the more agreeable if he has a Wife, who is used to the Management of, and will pay due Attention to sick Negroes and Children. Such a Person (no other need apply) will meet with suitable Encouragement. Apply to the Printer hereof. tf.

JACOB VALK,

HEREBY acquaints the Public in general, and his Friends in particular, that at his OFFICE, Merchants, and Tradesmen, may have their Books regulated by the Month, Quarter, or Year, and as often as needful balanced and closed.

LIKEWISE, Sets of Books opened properly for Persons newly commencing any Kind of Business, and superintended with the utmost Care. *ALSO*, Accounts relating to Partnerships, Planters, Executors, Administrators, Assignees, &c. compleatly scrutinized and accurately adjusted.

AND, Persons desirous of settling their yearly Business expeditiously, by sending their Books to him, may have it done, the different Accounts drawn out, and the Monies collected, or otherwise settled in the most suitable Manner.

LANDS, HOUSES, and NEGROES, bought and sold at private Sale, upon the usual Commissions. The Plats of the Lands (of which there is always a Variety at his Office) may be seen, and Terms of Sale made known, by applying to the Subscriber:—Where any Person desirous to purchase Plantations or Lands in any Part of this Province, and in GEORGIA, may at all Times, have an Opportunity of being accommodated.

MONEY borrowed and lent at INTEREST, without any EXPENCE TO THE LENDER, who will be entitled to Interest for his Money, from the Day he gives Notice to him of having it to LET. *AND*, such as desire it, may have their Interest applied for as it becomes due, without any Expence.

TO BE SOLD by public Outcry, on Thursday the 10th of August next, at the Vendue-House in Charles-Town,

THE House and Lot in Colleton-square, Ellery-street, belonging to John-Williams Lucas, containing in front to the said Street 42 Feet 2 Inches, and in Depth 75 Feet 3 Inches, lately divided into two Tenements, with a Brick Kitchen to each Tenement, formerly used as a Dwelling-House, having two Stories, and Sash-Windows now in good Repair; the Whole rented at 300l. per Annum, and now tenanted.

The Conditions of the Sale is Cash, or if particularly desired, Credit to the First of January, paying Interest, and giving approved Security, if required.

JACOB VALK.

For SALE by private Contract,

FOUR valuable and seasoned Negroes, viz. One young FELLOW, a complete Waiting man, used to the Care and Management of Horses, and can drive a Carriage.—Two young FELLOWS fit for the Field.——One compleat House WENCH, who is also a good ordinary Cook. For further Particulars and Terms of Sale, enquire of

JACOB VALK.

TO BE SOLD,

A Likely young Negro FELLOW, aged 22 Years, Country born, and is a good Bricklayer. For further Particulars, enquire of JACOB VALK.

TO BE SOLD, at Middlesex Ferry, on Tuesday the 17th Day of August Instant,

ALL the real and personal Estate of *Margaret-Jane Henry*. The Condition to be Cash; and those who have any Claim or Demand on the said Estate, are desired to attend. The Sale will begin at Two o'Clock precisely.

A PERSON well qualified, would undertake to keep three or four Setts of Books, in which the greatest Secrecy and Dispatch may be depended on.—For Particulars, apply to the Printer.

LONDON particular Madera WINE, of the Vintage 1771, and 1772;—London, and Carolina Madera WINE, Bristol BEER, in Bottles, and a few Firkins of very fine Irish Rose BUTTER, to be sold by

GEORGE-ABBOTT HALL, & Co.

Brought to the WORK-HOUSE.

July 29, 1773. A new negro fellow, of the *Calabar* country, says his name is SAMPSON, but cannot tell his master's name; he is about 40 years of age, 5 feet 7 inches high, has his country marks on his breast and down his waist; has on a negro cloth jacket and trowsers, both stained with indico. Taken up at *Ferguson*'s swamp, 42 miles from town.

July 29, 1773. A new negro fellow, of the *Mandingo* country, says his name is PETER, but cannot tell his master's name; he is about 40 years of age, 5 feet 3 inches high; the great toe on his left foot turns up as if broke, and the little toe cut off, his legs and arms full of white spots, as if burnt or scalded; has on an old shag shirt and breeches. Taken up at Mr. *John Dart*'s plantation, 6 miles from town.

MICHAEL KALTEISEN, Warden.

WILLIAM LOOCOCK,

Has imported in the last vessels from LONDON,

A Compleat and general assortment of chymical, galenical preparations and drugs, with almost every family medicine now in use, among which are, the famous essence of JOHNSON or TURPETH ROOT, being a native of the remote parts of this province, and which is the most certain, easy and effectual medicine ever found in all venereal cases. Fifteen drops being taken morning and evening, in a glass of water or any thing convenient, will most effectually rout that disorder in a few days, and never leave any ill effects thereafter, which is too often the case. It is likewise a most effectual medicine in all rheumatic complaints, leprosy, scurvy, old sores or ulcers, nay even in all chronical disorders; it will cure the yaws effectually in a few days; and will be sold on the most reasonable terms at his MEDICINAL WARE-HOUSE, in Broad-street.

Charles Town, July 21, 1773.

WHEREAS the Landing and Weighing of Corn-blades and other Fodder in the Lower Market is found to be extremely inconvenient, and tending greatly to promote Filth and Dirt in the ſame; in order therefore to prevent a Continuance of ſuch Nuiſances, and that none may plead Ignorance thereof, we give this Public NOTICE, hereby forbidding every Perſon from Landing in future any Blades, Hay, Straw, or other Fodder at the ſaid Market.

JOHN POAUG,
THOMAS GRIMBALL,
THOMAS BUCKLE,
JOHN SCOTT,
EDWARD LIGHTWOOD,
} Commiſſioners of the Markets and Work-Houſe.

Charles-Town, July 26, 1773.

WHEREAS many People have received great Hurt, and have been in Danger of loſing their Lives, by Horſes in their Carriages taking Fright at the Practice of beating Deer Skins in the Streets of Charles-Town; which being a Matter of the greateſt Conſequence, it is expected that all Perſons hereafter will be ſo humane as to take ſome other Method of airing their Skins, particularly thoſe who have been ſpoke to on the Occaſion.

There are many Perſons who feed their Horſes on the Foot Pavement of the Streets in Charles-Town, eſpecially at Night, which being very dangerous to People paſſing; it is alſo expected that Practice will be diſcontinued.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

LORENS SIMON, of the Province aforeſaid, who is in the Cuſtody of the Sheriff of Charles-Town Diſtrict, by Virtue of Proceſs ſued out by JOHN DANNER, having petitioned the Hon. THOMAS KNOX GORDON, Eſq; Chief Juſtice, and his Aſſociates, Juſtices of his Majeſty's Court of Common-Pleas, that he be admitted to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of Inſolvent Debtors: IT IS ORDERED, That the ſaid John Danner, and all others to whom the ſaid Petitioner is any wiſe indebted, be, and they are hereby ſummoned, and have Notice to appear at the uſual Place of Judicature, at the Firſt Sitting of the Court of Common-Pleas, or General Seſſions, which ſhall happen Three Months after the Publication hereof, to ſhew Cauſe, if any they can, why the ſaid Petitioner ſhould not have the Prayer of his Petition granted. JAMES TRAIL, C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, July 26 1773.

THE Subſcriber having advertiſed in all the Gazettes for ſome Time paſt, his Intention of leaving the Province for a few Months, and deſired all Perſons indebted to him, to pay off their reſpective Debts by the 25th of March laſt, and no Regard being paid to ſuch Advertiſement, he is fully determined to put every Bond, Note, and Account, that is not ſettled to his Satisfaction by the Twentieth Day of September next, into the Hands of an Attorney at Law, to be ſued without further Notice. EDWARD BLAKE.

JUST IMPORTED,
In the CAROLINA, Captain JOHN BESNARD,
A freſh Supply of GOODS,
AMONG WHICH ARE,

A Variety of printed Linens and Calicoes, quite new Patterns, a few Pieces of printed Jaconet Muſlins, a large Aſſortment of Diapers and Damaſks, with ſeveral compleat Table Suits of each, ſome of which are very fine and very large; which, with a large Cargo lately received by the HEART OF-OAK, will be ſold at our uſual low Prices, eſpecially for ready Money, and in a Quantity to ſell again. HAWKINS, PETRIE, & Co.

Who have a Quantity of low priced Oſnabrugs, very cheap by the Bale or Piece, and beſt Silk Umbrellas, varniſhed and unvarniſhed.

THIS is to give Notice, to all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of *John Prue*, on Account with him before his Death, are deſired to pay the ſame immediately; and thoſe to whom the ſaid Eſtate is indebted, are deſired to call and receive Payment, from

SARAH PRUE, Executrix.

TO BE SOLD, at the firſt Coſt,
Excluſive of Charges of every Kind,

A Large and valuable Aſſortment of Dry GOODS, all in the beſt Order, including a Variety of genteel Articles in the Millinary Branch; moſt Part whereof were imported into this Province in the Month of October laſt: Any Perſon inclinable to take the Whole, may have Six Months Credit for Half the purchaſe Money, and Twelve for the Remainder, paying Intereſt, and giving Security, if required.

ROBERT WILLIAMS, jun.

For NEW-YORK,
The BRIGANTINE
BETSEY,
PETER SCHERMERHORN, Maſter.

HAS genteel Accommodations for Paſſengers, and will ſail by the 8th of Auguſt.——For Freight or Paſſage, apply to ſaid Maſter on board, at Champneys's Wharf, or

SIMONSON & BROWER.

Who have a Quantity of exceeding good Bar Iron and Shear Moulds, with a general Aſſortment of Northward Articles, to be ſold on reaſonable Terms.

RUN-AWAY from the Subſcribers, the 11th of this inſtant July, a ſtout well-made indented Iriſh ſervant man, named JAMES LAMB, about 25 years of age, and about 5 feet 4 inches high, has ſhort curled hair, ſwelled legs, and ſpeaks very civil; he had on when he went away, a check ſhirt, a ſnuff coloured coat and waiſtcoat, black ſtocking breeches, worſted ſtockings, a pair of ſhoes, and an old hat. Whoever takes up and delivers the ſaid ſervant man to the ſubſcribers, or to the warden of the work-houſe in Charles-Town, ſhall receive FIVE POUNDS currency reward, and all reaſonable charges, from McKIMMY & SAYLOR.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels and others, are cautioned from harbouring or carrying him off the province, as they will be proſecuted to the utmoſt rigour of the law.

BRIAN CAPE,

Has juſt imported in the Ship PALLAS, *Captain* TURNER, *from* LONDON,

A large Aſſortment of DRY GOODS,

Calculated for the preſent and approaching Seaſon, which is now opening, and will be Sold on the loweſt Terms, at his Store on the Bay, near the new Exchange; among this preſent Importation, are the following Articles, viz.

A Large Quantity of 4-4 and 7-8 IRISH LINENS, from 7s. 6d. to 55s. per yard, all and 9-8 wide ſheeting, a variety of fine printed cambrick handkerchiefs, of the neweſt faſhion, a neat aſſortment of red and white, blue and white copper-plate printed linens and calicoes, purple and black and white ditto, a variety of patterns of neat coloured linens, calicoes, chintzes, bumhums, bock muſlins, and jaconet handkerchiefs, cambricks and lawns, China and Perſian taffetas, chintz morees, ginghams, cotton romals, ladies black ruſſel and calamanco ſhoes, with French heels; loaf ſugar, black pepper, white ditto, raiſins of the ſun in jars, currants, cinnamon, cloves, mace, ſaltpetre, citron, almonds, in and out of the ſhell; water, harneſs, plate, cloth and hat bruſhes, &c. matraſſes, ſtriped cotton jackonets, checked ſhirts, cloth cloaks, or tequelees; fine porter in bottles and barrels, ſome of which is Brown Stout; Nankeens, a neat aſſortment of ſtationary, and a compleat aſſortment of family medicines, ſuch as laudanum, ſpirits of lavender, lavender water, Britiſh oil, diachylon, with and without the gum, cream of tartar in powder, ſpirits of hartſhorn, ſal volatile, melilot-plaiſter, fine and common manna, Stoughton's bitters, Turlington's balſam of life, beaum de-vie, from the original ware-houſe, warranted genuine, Godfrey's cordial, Squire's elixir, ipecacuana powder, camphire, fineſt magneſia, Hungary water, flour of ſulphur, blue ſtone, nux vomica, aloes, antimony, Anderſon's pills glauber and epſom ſalts; fine oronoko and Rogers's beſt tobacco, Weſton's beſt ſnuff, plain rappee and Straſburgh ditto; glazed linen, white bed lace, curtain line, taſſels, ſhineels, ſnaid, fringe, patent net and vilencia gauze, ſilk lace net, black and white thread, and Bruſſels lace; ſpelling-books, primmers, bibles, prayer-books and teſtaments; boys and mens felt hats, Dutch caps, boys and mens faſhionable caſtor and beaver hats, childrens whimſey ditto, boys neat white hats, with gold buttons and loops, ladies neat riding hats, mens neat white beaver hats; all ſorts of pickles, and ſweet oil; a few pieces of neat faſhionable broad cloths, for ſummer wear, German ſerges, white flannels, ſwanſkin, blue and white ſtriped flannels, embоſſed ſerge, Scotch and Iriſh oſnabrugs, neſts of flat and caravan trunks; a very large and elegant aſſortment of china ware; bombazines, luteſtrings, plain and flowered Perſia carpets, neat oval and ſquare looking-glaſſes, ſome of which are very elegant, and fit to adorn the moſt genteel rooms, neat dreſſing glaſſes, &c. men and womens leather gloves and mitts of all ſorts, womens linen gloves and mitts flowered, burning glaſſes, beſt temple ſpectacles, in fiſh-ſkin caſes, pocket knives, with ſcrams, and leather ink pots, pen-knives, with 1, 2 and 4 blades, table knives and forks, a large variety of hoſiery, gold and ſilver ſpangled buttons, fiddle ſtrings, ſilver thimbles, black cravats, Barcelona handkerchiefs, faſnet, half an ell wide black mohair, brown rolls, heſſens, dowlas, garlix, ſileſias, princes linens, bed ticks, platilloes, piſtol lawns, long lawns, diaper for clouting, 3-4 diaper and damaſk table cloths, yard and 6-4 wide checked muſlins, white calicoes, India chintzes; bohea, hyſon, and ſouchong tea, of the fineſt quality; japan waiters and bottle ſtands, &c &c.——Which, with his former STOCK of GOODS lately imported, make a large aſſortment; and he can aſſure his friends that he has taken the greateſt pains to have his goods well laid in, and therefore hopes to ſupply them on ſuch terms as will give entire ſatisfaction, as he will always take the greateſt care in executing their orders and packing up the goods; all orders from good men will be moſt thankfully received, and complied with on the uſual credit of twelve months; thoſe who chuſe to buy on ſhorter credit, or for caſh, will have a ſuitable abatement.——He continues to ſupply his cuſtomers with Jamaica, Weſt-India, and Northward RUM, Vidonia and Madera WINE, Muſcovado SUGAR, SALT, &c.

N. B. He expects his negro cloth, with another large ſupply of goods, by the firſt veſſel from Briſtol.

BOWEN's patent SAGO,

So much and generally eſteemed in the ROYAL NAVY, and in the AFRICAN TRADE, as an ANTISCORBUTIC and the only CURE for the FLUX.

SOLD
By Z. KINGSLEY,
At his STORE in BEADON's-ALLEY,

ITS USES are ſo well known as to need no Recommendation, being approved of by the ROYAL SOCIETY, the ROYAL COLLEGE of PHYSICIANS, and the SOCIETY for the Encouragement of ARTS, MANUFACTURES and COMMERCE.

Its good Effects are likewiſe vouched by Captain COOKE, of his Majeſty's Ship Endeavour, Mr. BANKES and Dr. SOLANDER, during their Voyage round the World in the ſaid Ship, as appears by their Report ſince their Return.

SOLD at ſame Place,
BOWEN's patent SOY.

STRAYED from the Subſcriber at Waccamaw, about the Middle of April laſt, a dark bay pacing HORSE, 13 hands and half high, about 8 or 9 Years old, has a large blaze down his Face, branded on the ſhoulder TH, and has ſome other Brands, but forgot. Whoever delivers the ſaid Horſe to me at Waccamaw, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS Reward.

ARCHIBALD McCLELLAN.

SELLING OFF
At the Subſcriber's Store, oppoſite Beadon's-Alley, in Broad-ſtreet, the following Articles, at the moſt reaſonable Rates.

BUFF coloured India Nankeens, India Piſſians, Engliſh ditto, black Alamodes, black Peelangs, Satins, joining Thread, and Mechlin Laces, Bruſſels Lappets, and Borders, Hanover Laces, Gauzes, black and white Catgut, and Paris Net Ribbons, Calico Wrappers, Jaconet and Book Muſlins, printed Linens and Cottons, Womens black Silk Cloaks, Men and Womens Silk Hoſe, long, piſtol, and clear Lawns, Cambricks, figured Dimities, fine red and purple, and white printed Handkerchiefs, Silk ditto, blue and green Caſſimers, Boys white Tennet Caps, Mens Beaver ditto, Bohea and Hyſon Teas, Hooks, and Hinges, Stock, Cheſt, and other Locks, Fiddles, Tin Ware, Looking Glaſſes, japanned Waiters, &c. &c.

FRANCIS AYRTON.

As I ſhall poſitively ſail for England in a ſhort Time, I muſt beg the Favour of all thoſe indebted to me, to diſcharge the ſame immediately.

N. B. The Houſe he now lives in, is to be LET, and may be entered upon immediately.

TO BE LET,

AN airy convenient Two Story Houſe, pleaſantly ſituated in Church-ſtreet Continued, nearly oppoſite to Mr. Fenwicke's new Buildings, on White-Point. Enquire of the Printer.

TO BE SOLD CHEAP,

A New CHAISE, ſtrong and neat, made light for travelling; alſo Three Chair HORSES. Enquire of the Printer.

For JAMAICA,
(To ſail in Ten Days)
The SHIP
PALLAS,
Captain JOHN TURNER,

FOR Freight or Paſſage, treat with
ROGER SMITH.

TO BE SOLD,

A Large airy LOT of LAND, fronting on King-ſtreet 99 Feet, and in Depth 242 Feet, adjoining the Scotch Meeting-Yard Fence; or if more agreeable to the Purchaſers, it will be divided into three Lots of 33 Feet Front, and in Depth 142, or the Whole 242. The Condition of the Purchaſe, is one Half ready Money, on delivery of the Titles, (which will be unqueſtionable) and the Remainder, twelve Months Credit.

JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

TO BE SOLD a Bargain, for Caſh or ſhort Credit,

A TRACT of LAND, containing Five Hundred Acres old Meaſure, ſituated on Pedee-River, about two Miles above Marr's-Bluff, joining Lands of Dr. Murray, and eſteemed as good as any in that Part; about Forty Acres of which have been cleared, and planted in Indico and corn. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe, may apply in Pedee, to Joſeph Gourly, Eſq; or in Jackſonſburgh, to

JOHN LIVINGSTON.

THE Co-partnerſhip of COOK and DOWNES, being expired, they requeſt all Perſons indebted to them for ſurveying of Land, &c. will make immediate Payment to Mr. *George Cooke*, in Charles-Town, to whom they have aſſigned over all their Books and Accounts. 6w.

RUN-AWAY from the ſubſcriber, in St. Matthew's pariſh, SIX NEW NEGRO MEN; one of them went off in February laſt, viz. DIBBEE, a well ſet fellow, about five feet ſix inches high, of the Timine country, his ears bored, and his teeth filed, ſeems about twenty five years of age, and very black. Three went off the 23d of March laſt, viz. SAMPSON, a ſtout fellow, about five feet ten inches high, remarkable ſmooth face, and cheerful countenance; PRIMUS, a ſtout ſquare ſet fellow, very big mouth and thick lips, has his country marks on the calves of his legs, is about five feet ſix inches high; both theſe are very black, and ſeem about twenty ſix years of age; MAMBEE, a likely young fellow, about twenty-three years of age, ſmooth faced and very black, about five feet four inches high, has a ſmall cut in his forehead; theſe laſt three are of the Gold Coaſt country. The laſt two went off about the 20th of April laſt, viz. CUFFIE, a well ſet fellow, about five feet three inches high, is blink eyed, by which means he pulls up one ſide of his face, hath his country marks on his breaſt, and a cut on his forehead, his teeth filed; TOM, a ſmall fellow, about five feet three inches high, full faced, and think his teeth are filed; theſe two are alſo very black, and about twenty-five years of age, of the Gold Coaſt country. Dibbee, Primus, Cuffie, and Mambee, had each an iron clog on one leg, and Primus, Cuffie, and Mambee, are all branded on the left cheek IS, and all ſix are branded on the left arm above the elbow BI, though in ſome ſcarce viſible; Primus, Cuffie, and Mambee, had on white negro cloth jackets and trowſers, with metle buttons; the other three had on white negro cloth wrappers, jackets and breeches, with tanned leather buttons. A reward of ONE GUINEA each, will be paid on delivering all or any of the above mentioned ſlaves to Mr. WILLIAM EDWARDS, Sadler, in Charles-Town, or to the ſubſcriber; and a further reward of FIFTY POUNDS, will be paid, if diſcovered to be harboured by a white perſon, on conviction of the offender, by

June 14, 1773. JOHN SAVAGE.

JOHN GODFREY, jun. tolls a bay mare, 14 hands high, of the Engliſh breed, branded on the off buttock T†S, has a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, and was taken in the cleared lands of Charles Pinckney, Eſq; on Aſhepoo-River. The owner muſt prove his property before

June 26, 1773. PHILIP SMITH.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by CHARLES CROUCH, in Elliott-ſtreet; where Manner of Printing Work is perf with Care and Expedition.